# The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1867. NO. 306.


## THE SENTINEL.


WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.


From the Asheville News and Farmer.

*WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.*

### Letter From Hon. T. L. Clingman.

We take the following interesting and valuable letter from a pamphlet just published at New York, by the "American Agricultural and Mineral Land Company":

NEW YORK, June 12th, 1867.

*To Wm. Frazier, Esq., President of the American Agricultural and Mineral Land Company, New York.*

DEAR SIR:—The short period during which I expect to remain in this city, and the pressure of business engagements, will prevent my replying at length to your inquiries in relation to the western part of North Carolina.

For a great many years I have resided on the west side of the Blue Ridge, the range of mountains which divides the waters falling into the Atlantic from those descending to the Mississippi River. Having for more than sixteen years been a Representative or Senator in Congress from that region, I used in my canvasses to visit every part of it.—I have also ascended the principal mountains for the purpose of measuring or observing them, while my fondness for geology and mineralogy has carried me into almost every valley. My general acquaintance, therefore, with this entire region, probably exceeds that of any other person.

It may be regarded as an elevated table land of more than two hundred miles in length, with an average breadth of fifty miles, and is crossed in different directions by many mountain chains. The height of the lower valleys may be stated as ranging from two thousand to twenty-five hundred feet above the level of the sea, while the principal mountain chains rise four thousand feet higher. This elevation, notwithstanding its southern latitude, gives it a delightful summer climate.

Mr. Wm. McDowell, who made observations for the Smithsonian Institute, at Asheville, for several years, informed me that the thermometer during the warmest summer weather did not rise above eighty-two degrees Fahrenheit. Even the climate of Switzerland is not equal to that of this region: not only at Geneva, but in the high valley of Chamouny, I once found hotter weather than I ever experienced in this section; while there, one is occasionally chilled in mid summer by cold blasts from the masses of snow on the higher Alps. In western North Carolina, none of the mountains are high enough to bear snow in summer, yet the region is sufficiently elevated to afford a climate which is cool, dry, bracing and exceedingly exhilarating. No country is more healthy, being alike free from the diseases of miasmatic regions, as well as those common in rigorous or damp climates.

What especially distinguishes this section from all other mountain regions that I have seen, is the general fertility of its soil.—This is true, not only with reference to its valleys, but also of its mountains. Their sides and even tops are generally covered with a thick vegetable mould, on which the largest trees and grasses grow luxuriantly. At an elevation of five thousand feet above the ocean, the grasses and weeds are so rank as to remind one of the swampy lands of the lower regions. On the tops, and for a considerable distance down the sides of the higher chains, there are several varieties of evergreen or "winter grass," as they are generally called there. These are so nutritious that cattle are kept in good condition on them all the winter. A friend of mine before the war kept four or five hundred horned cattle on one of these mountains, and with the exception that they were supplied with salt occasionally, they subsisted entirely both in summer and winter on those grasses. The older cattle, he assured me, soon learned to understand the effect of the seasons, and without being driven, they led the herds, in the spring, down the sides of the mountains to obtain the young grasses that came up with the warm weather, and, when these were destroyed by the autumn frosts, they returned to the tops to get the evergreen vegetation, and found shelter under the spreading branches of the balsam fir trees in stormy weather. I have seen in Haywood County a five years old horse that was said to have been foaled and reared entirely on the top of Balsam Mountain, and was then for the first time brought down to see cultivated land and eat food grown by the hand of man.

Those portions of the mountain that are without timber are, of course, covered by the thickest coats of grass. The balsam trees which cover for so great an extent the Great Smoky, Balsam, and Black Mountains, could be easily gotten rid of at a cost of not more than a couple of dollars per acre. It is so soft as to be easily cut, and if felled and suffered to lie a few months, its leaves would become quite dry, and it might be burned with the greatest facility. When thus destroyed, it would not spring up again but in its stead a very thick sward of evergreen grass. Immense winter pastures could in this way be prepared, and thousands of cattle thus sustained in the winter, with only an occasional supply of salt.

Where the lands in this part of the State are placed under proper cultivation, they produce abundantly. On choice spots, more than one hundred bushels to the acre of Indian corn has frequently been obtained, and this valuable grain is everywhere produced in sufficient quantity. Wheat, also, does well, while oats, rye and barley are particularly good. It is especially suited to the production of grasses, timothy, orchard and herds grass, or red top being usually preferred. Clover and blue grass grow well, but are not so good as in some Counties having more lime in the soil.—Last summer I went with Mr. N. W. Woodfin over a mountain farm of his; the land of which had originally cost him less than one dollar per acre. It had been cleared by cutting out the undergrowth, and girding the large timber so as to deaden it, and then put in grass, nearly twenty years previously. It was covered over with a thick growth of timothy and orchard grass, much of which appeared as thick and as tall as a fair wheat field. In some places we found both of these grasses rising high enough, as we sat on our horses, for us to take the top of the stalks growing on each side, and cause them to meet above the withers of our horses. I never, in fact, saw better grass anywhere than grew generally over this entire tract of twelve hundred acres.

Irish potatoes, cabbages and turnips are grown in the greatest quantities, while no country excels this for fruits. Its apples, both in size and flavor, excel those that I have seen in any part of the world; while peaches, pears and grapes grow abundantly. Besides the Catawba, there are a great many other native grapes. One gentleman thinks he has obtained a hundred varieties of native grapes, some of which he considers superior to the Catawba. That this country is admirably adapted to the production of grapes and wine there can be no question. The fact that varieties of grapes can be selected, that ripen at different periods of the Autumn, will make the vintage longer than it is in Europe, and thus increase the amount of wine made. All kinds of live stock thrive in the country, though horses and horned cattle have been more generally raised, because they require less care from the farmer. Sheep are very healthy and grow well everywhere. As large sheep as I ever saw were some that were suffered to run in the woods, both in summer and winter, without being fed. Mr. Woodfin also stated to me, that he could, from the stock of his farm above alluded to, at all periods of the winter, obtain good mutton and beef from the animals that were subsisted on the grass. Even when sheep are to be kept in large numbers, it is certain they would do with half the feeding they require during the long winters in New England. Snow seldom remains many days at a time, even on the mountain tops in North Carolina; and when the grass is good, little is required in the form of hay or other food for the stock.

The minerals of this region have hitherto been turned to very little account. There are some narrow belts of marble and limestone which furnish a sufficiency of lime for use, and from which good marble can be procured at certain points. The different ores of iron, of the best qualities, exist in great abundance in many places, and from them superior iron can be made. Large and promising veins of copper have been cut in several localities in Jackson County, and surface indications leave little doubt but that similar deposits will be found in other Counties. Gold has been profitably mined in the Counties of Jackson, Macon and Cherokee, but less extensively than in the section east of the Blue Ridge. It is quite probable that good veins of this metal will, in time, be opened, and there is encouragement to search for lead and silver at several points. The barytes and chromeores can be brought into use when the railroads are finished that have been provided for by the State. Though coal does not exist, its want will not be experienced for a long period, as the immense forests will supply fuel for a great number of years, and long before they can become exhausted, railroads will permeate all parts of the district, and will bring in supplies of this valuable mineral from localities not far distant.

The country is everywhere intersected by bold and rapid streams, and the supply, therefore, of water power, is beyond any demand that can ever exist for it. These streams, from the elevated valleys in which they are first collected, have a descent of not less than one thousand feet before they escape into the State of Tennessee, and present at various points, therefore, rapids and falls where the water can be conveniently used for manufacturing purposes.

Though this region lacks the boldness and grandeur of the Alps, this deficiency is more than balanced by the fact that every part of it is susceptible of settlement and cultivation. The fact that the mountains as well as the valleys are covered by a luxuriant vegetation, gives to them a green and inviting appearance, which renders many of the scenes peculiarly attractive to the beholder. The present population, though sparse, is quiet, industrious, intelligent and moral, the negroes there not being numerous enough to constitute an important element in the whole society. I know of no country more inviting to industrious emigrants, when one considers its excellent climate, water and soil, its mining and manufacturing resources, and its cheap lands and good population. Very truly yours,

T. L. CLINGMAN.

### *RECONSTRUCTION.—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.*

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1: *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.


## MISCELLANEOUS.

### GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867; and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

*Board and Tuition*, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

REV. S. MILTON FROST, President.

July 22-296-2awt01

### ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN BOYS, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful.—The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

REV. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

REFER to Bishop Atkinson, and the Clergy of N. C; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala; Bishop Wilmer, of La; Gen'l Jos. E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.

July 20-296-3m

## FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

### FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards, Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS, Family Grocer.

April 3—tf

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. — LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

### JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *gassing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13 211-tf

## MISCELLANEOUS.

RICK'S MANUAL,

OF THE

U. S. BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1867,

WITH THE

Rules, Orders and Forms of Proceedings thereunder

CONVENIENTLY

Annotated, Classified and Arranged. Bound in Law Sheep—Price $5.

ALSO,

The Bankrupt Law, with all the *Rules*, Forms, &c., in Pamphlet. *Price* 25 cents.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

July 17-292-tf

### RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE,

VIRGINIA.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION Commences on the 19th of Sept. 1867.

In addition to the schools of Moral Philosophy, Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Modern Languages, the board has established a school of

COMMERCIAL SCIENCE,

in which are taught the branches of a business education,—thus uniting the literary, scientific and practical. Young men studying for the ministry, and soldiers disabled by the late war, who are in necessitous circumstances, can attend free of tuition. All scholarships valid.

Expenses for ten months including meals, use of furniture, (averaged,) fuel, lights, washing, matriculation and contingent fee and tuition in three schools—so as to occupy the whole time—$300; one half payable at the begining of each term.

A daily line of hacks (Sundays excepted) runs from Roanoke Station, (Richmond & Danville Railroad,) to Boydton

Send for Circulars,

THOS. C. JOHNSON, President.

Boydton, Mecklenburg Co., Va., July 19-291-3w

### AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO., *Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers*, Raleigh, N. C.

July 13-289-3m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that, at the ensuing session of the General Assembly of N. C., application will be made for the incorporation of the *"Scotland Neck and Halifax Rail Road and Steamboat Transportation Company."*

July 20-300-tf

## PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

*SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE*

BEST AND CHEAPEST

### DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.
1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.
1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for $1 00.
Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.
These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.
2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents.
The best article for Traveling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.
The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.
8-4 White and Black Crape Morets. Also Grenadines.
5,000 yards Black Alpacas; positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.
8,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Gro Grain, for 1 30, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2,50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.
1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.
Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for traveling, watering places, &c.
The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Setts!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $250.
10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.
The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.
1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.
Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen, Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.
Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH.

No. 25 Sycamore Street, PETERSBURG, VA.

June 20-265-te

## MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study to be pursued is thorough the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

| | |
|---|---|
| Board, $10,00 per month, | $100.00 |
| Tuition, College Classes, | 40.00 |
| " English Classes, (Preparatory) | 30.00 |
| Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about | 25 00 |

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus. Address,

L. A. BIKLE, A. M., Prof. Ancient Languages, Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

June 14-262-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING

ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25; No. 2, $30,

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston Beaufort Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO., Newbern, N. C.

June 8-256-tf

NOTICE.

On the 15th day of August, 1867, at the residence of the late John F. Sanders, Dec'd. in Johnston County, N. C., I will expose to public vendue, on a credit of six months, the personal property of said deceased, consisting of a fine Buggy Horse and

*SOME EIGHT OR TEN FINE MULES*

about one hundred head of Cattle, among which is a number of Beef Cattle and about thirty head Milch Cows; one hundred head of Hogs; Corn and Fodder; Farming implements; Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles unnecessary to mention

WILLIS H. SAUNDERS, Admr.

July 18-293-tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Two ladies of experience and ability desire situations as Teachers. They are prepared to teach Music, Latin and French, with the English branches.

Best of references given, if required.

Address P. O., Box 9, Goldsboro, N. C.

July 25-298-2aw2w*

## MISCELLANEOUS.

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

GOLDSMITH, WORDSWORTH, H[illegible], COWPER, MOORE, McCAULEY, MISS MULOCH, WILLIS, PRESTON, BURNS, CAMPBELL, TENNYSON, LONGFELLOW, OSSIAN, HALLECK, SCOTT, MEREDITH, MORRIS, MILTON, BYRON, HEMANS, COLERIDGE.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 29-249-tf

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mail train leave Raleigh | 9.30 | A. M. |
| " arrive Weldon | 2.30 | P. M. |
| Mail train leave Weldon | 10.30 | A. M. |
| " arrive at Raleigh | 3.30 | P. M. |
| Freight train arrives at Raleigh | 4.50 | P. M. |
| " leaves " | 6.30 | A. M. |

The mail trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS, Gen. Supt.

May 6-229-tf

Progress and Standard copy till forbid

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDIcine in Raleigh and its vicinity. OFFICE, at Col Geo. Little's.

Raleigh, July 3-278-1m

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for VISITORS ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR, GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS, MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Boneack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS, HEALING SPRINGS, and BATH ALUM SPRINGS, BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS, (FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Swansville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS, BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30 250-[illegible]

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

| | |
|---|---|
| BOARD, PER DAY | $ 2.50. |
| " " WEEK | 12.50. |
| " " MONTH | 35.00. |

*CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!*

After June 15th. the Regular HACKS, FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Clarksville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON, Proprietor.

June 5-253-2m

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

—o—

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD.................Of NEW ORLEANS.
W. P. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

—o—

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

100 REAMS BEST WRAPPING PAPER. 100 lbs. " " Twine. to be sold cheap.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16 291-tf

Standard and Progress copy.

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February.—We buy [illegible] but quick stock, hence we can afford to sell for *small profits*.

In order to sell well one must buy well, and this several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New Store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

June 22-266-tf

## MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

*PAINTINGS,*

*OIL PORTRAITS,*

*PHOTOGRAPHS &c.*

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

—o—

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

| | |
|---|---|
| Oil Aniseed, | Tonka Beans, |
| " Bergamot, | Gum Styrax, |
| " Cinnamon, | Mace, |
| " Citronella, | Nutmegs, |
| " Cloves, | Angelica Root, |
| " Geranium, | Orriss " |
| " Lemon, | Snake " |
| " Mirbane, | Valerian " |
| " Nutmegs, | Aniseed " |
| " Sassafras | Cardamon Seed, |
| " Wintergreen, | Coriander " |
| Allspice, | Fennel, |
| Cinnamon Bark, | Gum Arabic, |
| Cloves, | Olive Oil, &c. |

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low*.

JORDAN & CARR, Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Petersburg, Va.

May 27-247-tf

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

mar 2-175-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th. August, 1867, at the Court House door in the town of Plymouth, the undivided interest of Joseph B. Roulhac, deceased, (which is the one half,) in the Swamp known as the "ROULHAC SWAMP" in Washington County—lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. H. McRae, Hardy Everett, and others,—containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT, Administrator, &c.

Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-daw5w*

DANIEL PRATTS' GINS.

(50 SAWS)

We have one of these *celebrated* and *reliable* Gins in Store, which we will sell at manufacturers prices, freight added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16-291-tf

## MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS, Manufacturing Chemist, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Feb 1-150-tf

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern states, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS, Manufacturing Chemist, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Feb 1-150-tf

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month, ... $1,00
For two months, ... 2,00
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Six months, ... 5,00
One year, ... 10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year, ... 5,00
" " " six months, ... 2,5
Weekly Sentinel, one year ... 3 0
" " six months, ... 1,50

# THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, AUGUST 5. 1867.

## To the People of North Carolina.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF N. C., *Raleigh*, August 3rd., 1867.

Under recent acts of Congress, called Reconstruction acts, popular elections are shortly to be held in this State.

At these elections no person is to be allowed to vote, unless he shall furnish evidence of his right to vote from Registrars appointed in pursuance of said acts.

All male citizens, white and colored, who have resided in the State one year previous to the day of election, (with certain exceptions,) will be entitled to vote, upon producing the certificate of the Registrars.

It is expected that instructions will be issued, at an early day, from Major General Sickles, who has been appointed, by the President of the United States, to carry out the provisions of these acts in North and South Carolina, explaining to the Registrars their duties, and giving his construction of the acts as to the persons entitled to register, and those to whom this right is denied; and these instructions it will be the duty of the Registrars to obey.

As I understand these acts, no person is to be allowed to register or vote, who, at any time before the war, had held any office under the United States, or any State office, "created by law for the administration of the general law of the State or for the administration of justice," and "afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, or gave aid and comfort to the enemies thereof." I presume, in the expected instructions from Gen. Sickles to the Registrars, he will give a construction to these, as well as any other provisions of the acts, touching the right of registration, which may seem to him susceptible of variant interpretation.

It is believed that nearly all the colored voters, above 21 years old and who have resided a year in the State, will be entitled, under these acts, to register, and they will register and vote.

There is no means of making an estimate approximating certainty, as to the number of white male residents, above the age of 21 years, who will not be allowed to vote.

At the last census,—1860,—the total white male population was 313,670, and the total male colored population was 191,349; and at the excited election of Governor in 1860, 112,586 votes were cast.

The effect of this legislation, by the conquering power of the nation, makes the negro in the excluded States, as to civil and political rights, the equal of the most favored class of the whites, and the political superior of most of those who held office in the State before the war.

Whatever may be the final settlement of the questions as to the political equality of the two races, or the superiority of the one over the other, it is certain that for a long time to come, unless humanity is to be shocked by the expulsion or annihilation of one race or the other, this State is to be inhabited by both races; and it is the manifest interest of both races to live together in peace and friendship, each acting kindly and justly towards the other. Every good man, who is a wise statesman, will use all his influence to avoid everything tending to antagonise the races. If one class consolidate to gain political ascendancy, or effect any other object deemed specially beneficial to such class, it will certainly lead to counter combination, and hostility between the classes, injurious to both and likely to end in ruin to the one or the other.

I have not heard of, and have no idea that there exists, among the white population, any combination, public or private, to consolidate the white vote, to the prejudice of the blacks; nor have I the slightest suspicion that any such combination is contemplated.

After the Registrars shall have decided who are to have the privilege of voting, the persons so registered will be called upon to vote for or against the call of a State Convention, and for members of such Convention.

These acts provide that, in case a majority of the voters shall vote for a Convention and elect members; and if such Convention adopt a Constitution which shall be ratified "by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification;" and "when Congress shall have approved the same; and when the State, by a vote of its Legislature, elected under said Constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the Constitution of the United States, proposed by the 39th Congress and known as article 14;" and when three-fourths of the States shall have ratified said 14th article, then "the State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom on their taking the oath prescribed by law."

The *sole* object of this address is to urge on every citizen of North Carolina to register, who may be entitled to register,—and I have gone into this recital of some of the provisions of the acts of Congress, to enable you to understand the reasons which induce me so to advise you.

If you do not register, then you will not be allowed to vote for or against the call of a Convention, which is expected to make the alterations in your Constitution, contemplated by these acts of Congress, and such other alterations as the Delegates may deem proper.

If you do not register, you will not be allowed to vote for any delegate to the Convention.

When the Convention shall have proposed a new Constitution, if you shall not have registered, you will not be allowed to vote on the ratification or rejection of the proposed Constitution, however much you may admire or abhor it. And if you do not register, you will not be allowed to vote for members of the Legislature, who are to ratify or reject the proposed 14th article, as an amendment of the Constitution of the United States.

I have no hesitation in urging upon every citizen, who is allowed the privilege of voting under these laws, to register, so as to vote, if he choose, on these questions. No citizen allowed to register and vote, who fails to vote, will have any right to complain, if those, who do register and vote, should adopt a Constitution which should be ever so oppressive and proscriptive.

Whatever Constitution may be adopted will no doubt contain a provision making it difficult to amend it. Hence every citizen, allowed to do so, should do what he can to make the new government as good as possible.

Let me ask each of you, who is allowed to vote and register,—are you willing to surrender all share in making the Constitution and laws under which you are to live? Are you willing to surrender all share in electing the officers to whom shall be confided the making and the executing of the laws, including the levying and collecting taxes?

Whether you regard those laws as constitutional or unconstitutional, wise or unwise, you ought to register and put yourselves in condition to vote, and maintain as long as possible the right of the people to form the government and make the laws under which they are to live. If you cannot have such a government as you desire, make it as good as you can.

A neglect or refusal to register I regard as a voluntary surrender of the right to take part in governamental affairs; and I therefore most earnestly entreat every citizen not to despair of popular government, but to register and vote, and try to maintain a government, which will give to him, and his posterity, as much of security and happiness as possible.

JONATHAN WORTH.

---

Most of the now prominent leaders among the Southern Loyalists were at one time secessionists or blatant war men.—*Sentinel.*

We respectfully ask our contemporary whether he thinks it fair to make these repeated assaults upon secessionists—that is those who conscientiously believed in the doctrine of secession?

As we believe that he has fallen into an error, we respectfully call upon him to point out a single original secessionist, with the exception of Governor Holden, who is a "prominent leader" among the Leagues or Red Strings, or any other gang of radicals in our midst, or of the Southern Radical party.

These sort of flings are calculated to create an erroneous impression as to the action of the secessionists generally since the surrender, and while we, as we need hardly say, have always differed from the secessionists, *toto celo*, we nevertheless wish to see full justice done to them. We may add that we know of none of our fellow citizens who have since the surrender acted with more discretion, propriety, and decorum than those who formerly ranked as original secessionists.—*Old North State.*

The foregoing, from the *Old North State*, escaped our attention, until we saw it copied in the Charlotte *Times*. If we had *meant* what our cotemporary intimates, its strictures would be applicable. As it is, great injustice is done us.

When we have applied the terms "secessionists" and "blatant war men" to certain leaders of the so-called "Southern Loyalists," we have invariably meant that *they* were not *bona fide Union men*; on the contrary, that they had, many of them, (whom we *could* name, the *Old North State* to the contrary,) been, formerly, at some time, secessionists or strong advocates of the war. Nothing, assuredly, was farther from our feeling or purpose, than to allege that any large number of original secessionists had turned 'Southern Loyalists,' or that *all* the "Southern Loyalists" were former secessionists.

We heartily re-echo the concluding sentiment of our Salisbury cotemporary. We have repeatedly uttered that very opinion. We make *no* distinction between secessionists and war men, who faithfully adhered to their State during the struggle; and when we find a man, *now*, standing squarely up in behalf of Constitutional Union, we never stop to enquire, nor do we care, what were his antecedents.

Will the *Old North State* and the *Times* give us the benefit of this disclaimer?

---

TENNESSEE.—The first "*free*" election in a radically reconstructed State resulted as might have been expected. Bullets, not ballots, won the day. Brownlow organized an armed body throughout the State to intimidate electors; declared himself exclusive judge of the legality of the election; had the sole appointment of Registers, who could alone decide who should and who should not vote; assumed, even then, to reject such lists as were not satisfactory to him, in point of majorities; and, by proclamation, ordered his Commander of "State Guards" "so to dispose of the troops as to enable him to *enforce* the franchise law," as *he* construed it. Behold the result.

---

"Brownlow is only the type of the extreme party man, the extravagant, intolerant radical. The course pursued by him and his adherents is the same that republican leaders are following elsewhere."—*N. Y. Herald.*

This is so. "Brownlow" is "the type of the extreme" Radical leaders in this State. He is not a whit worse,—bad as he is,—than they are. In many respects he is a better man. He is defiant, at all events. He gives you warning when he is going to strike, like the rattle-snake, or the high-way robber, who calls upon you to "stand and deliver;" while the chief ultra-Radical malignants, in this State, have all his venom and hate without a particle of his boldness.

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WHAT could be more humiliating than the fate that has befallen Botts and his cooperationists in Virginia? Kicked unceremoniously away from the motley affiliation, which they went down on their knees to beg! Can anything be more disgusting?

---

General Braxton Bragg is President of the New Orleans water works.

[From the Mobile, Ala., Advertiser and Register.]

*COLORED CONGRESSMEN.*

It is altogether a mistake to suppose that we indulge in a bad joke when we advise the negroes in the present condition of things to prefer their own color as Senators and Representatives in Congress to imported scalawags or pale-faced renegades. *We* prefer them a hundred to one, and we do not see why the negroes should not do it.—We prefer them, because, in the first place, we can trust a Southern black man when we cannot trust a white traitor or a Yankee speculator in negro votes. If "reconstruction"—so called—is to be carried out on the plan of the last supplement, the choice is between the two classes we have named, and it is no "Hobson choice," either. Give us the Southern negro, every time, before either a domestic or an imported Radical.

The above more appropriately applies to Alabama than to North Carolina. Do what they may in Alabama, the colored vote will exceed the white vote in that State. In North Carolina, if those white persons who are entitled to vote will *register*, the white vote will be largest; even if the blacks should act so unwisely as to drive the respectable white voters to look out entirely for themselves, they can, if they will, outvote the blacks and those few whites who may then vote with them. Besides, there are a number of well-intentioned, respectable colored people in the State, who do not intend to be misled by the mischievous whites and blacks, who are determined to break with the respectable whites, and who, with any proper effort, will always vote with them.

While this is true, we nevertheless observe a growing disposition among the whites in this State, to encourage the blacks to run candidates of their own color for Congress, in preference to such white men as will most likely desire the position. If such a course be adopted, the blacks might probably, with the aid they could obtain, carry five of the seven Districts, or four out of the seven.—This might be gratifying to the blacks and to the few Radicals, who are really, in principle, friends of negro equality; but it is evident that such a course would be unpopular with those Radicals who do not care a great for the negro, (as is the case with most of them,) only so far as to use him as an intrument for their-own party or selfish designs. As a piece of political policy, it might be advantageous to the reputable whites of the South to encourage the sending of good, upright colored delegates from every Congressional District in the South, but we cannot, for mere party purposes, advise the negro to do what we believe may result in his injury. Under present circumstances, we think any respectable colored man would be seriously injured by a seat in Congress, or in any other public position.

The time, in our judgment, has not arrived, when colored men can, without detriment, become seekers of office. It is not often that white men come out of office unscathed. The majority are injured in some form, more or less. But colored men are liable, at this juncture, not only to injure themselves personally, but the risks are all in favor of their injuring seriously, in the future, their whole race. As yet, all of them are dolts or tyros in politics—unused to, and ignorant of, the tricks of politicians. As to statesmanship, they are wholly devoid of it, of course. Perhaps, the easiest way to kill off the blacks from molesting the public in future with their appeals for office, would be to encourage them everywhere to go pell-mell into office at once. The ruin of themselves and the country would be inevitable.

If they would take our advice, it would be: Leave politics and office-seeking alone. It never did pay in the end. Seek some regular and systematic employment for yourselves—homes for your families, and schools for your children. But remember that you can never be independent, until you buy a home and pay for it. Besides, remember that the certain road to independence is, to work yourself, for your wife to work and your children to work, as well as to go to school. For your children to grow up without the habit and knowledge of work, would be ruin to them. Be sober, be industrious, be virtuous. Establish, first, a character—prove, first, that you are fit for office, before you ask it. Then you may expect to be useful and to enjoy the confidence of all.

Those fellows who are going about the country, supported by the Radical Committee at Washington, to make speeches and establish Leagues among the colored people, are not worth, to the country, the powder and shot it would take to kill them.—They never had any character for industry and reliability, and they never will have, without a great change in them. Their example is pernicious, and the colored people should shun them.

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*GOV. WORTH'S ADDRESS.*

Gov. Worth's Address to the people of North Carolina, in another column, comes fully up to the exigency. We trust that the people will heed his calmly-considered and sagacious counsel. The reasons upon which that advice is based are impregnable.

The Address disposes of the vile slander, circulated by his enemies, that he was using his personal and official influence to prevent the due execution of the laws of Congress.

We hope that the Press of the State will give the Address a full circulation.

---

The Japanese in Paris have taught the cooks at the Grand Hotel how to "bake" ice creams. Freeze your ice as hard as possible, wrap it quickly in a very thin crust of pastry and put it in an oven. The pastry will be baked before the ice melts (for the pastry is a good non-conductor of heat); serve hot and you may enjoy the pleasure of eating hot pastry and ice-cream at the same time.

The Boston *Commonwealth* tells the following: The railroad conductor, with a flower in his mouth, is well known to travelers on a certain line in Boston. Summer and winter one always sees a flower between his teeth, as if it grew there. It is said that many years ago the lady he was to marry died; that soon after he received a communication from her spirit, that so long as he kept a flower in his mouth she should be hovering near him, and that with a constancy and fidelity almost unparalled for almost twenty years he has adhered to this poetical custom.

General Beauregard has been elected Vice-President of the New Orleans Commercial and Industrial Association.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

From the "Home Friend."

### The Ætna Life Insurance Co.

IT IS ALWAYS WITH PLEASURE THAT WE observe the evidences of prosperity in the workings of any *Life* Insurance Company. In our day the advantages of Life Assurance are too apparent to require argument in its behalf; but at the same time, there are not a few who stand ready at all times to seize upon a flying straw and cast it in one side of the scales, in the hope of counterbalancing the weight in the other; and inasmuch as the success of any particular Company is, or should be, an index of the general prosperity of all that are equally well conducted, we take especial pleasure in noticing the present prosperous condition of the Ætna. Our figures are from the pen of Prof. Elizur Wright, late Insurance Commissioner for the State of Massachusetts, whose opinion upon matters of Insurance is perhaps entitled to more weight than that of any other man in the country; not only from his acknowledged abilities as a scholar, but as well from his long familiarity with the details of the *science* of Insurance.

Statistics are often made up with a view to suit particular cases; but not so with those of Prof. Wright. In the statement before us from this distinguished source, and which we have carefully examined, the value is given of all the policies of the Ætna in force on the first of January 1867; and we take the liberty of inserting here a few of his figures.

At the date above mentioned, there were in force a total of nine hundred and eighty four *non participating* policies, insuring the sum of one million six hundred and twelve thousand two hundred and ninety dollars; of the present value of one hundred and eighty-nine thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty cents. There were also in force at the same date, a total of twenty-five thousand and nineteen *participating* polices, insuring the sum of sixty-five millions four hundred and forty-four thousand three hundred and seventy-nine dollars; of the present value of three million four hundred and forty-nine thousand six hundred and sixty-three dollars and seven cents; making a grand total of twenty-six thousand and three policies actually in force, insuring the sum of sixty-seven millions fifty-six thousand six hundred and sixty-nine dollars, and of the total present value of three million six hundred and thirty nine thousand four hundred and ninety-two dollars and sixty-seven cents. But as the prosperity of a Company depends not so much upon the amount of its business as upon its solvency—its ability to pay its debts, we go a step farther, and find that while the Ætna has in force this large number of policies, with some small annuities amounting in the whole to three millions four hundred and nineteen thousand one hundred and fifty-eight dollars and sixteen cents of liabilities, it has a total of assets at the same date, of four millions four hundred and one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and eighty-six cents; or nearly one million of dollars of assets in excess of its liabilities. From the same source we learn that after paying a dividend of fifty per cent. the ensuing year upon those on the ordinary life plan entitled to the same, amounting to two hundred and eighteen thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars and sixty-two cents, there is an excess of ninety-three thousand one hundred and forty-three dollars and forty-four cents; and that the surplus from the ten-payment life policies exceeds two hundred and eighteen thousand dollars.

In the year 1861 the Company issued five hundred and eighty-nine policies; in 1862 it issued eight hundred and four; in 1863 it issued eighteen hundred and twenty-two, or more than double the number of the previous year; in 1864 it issued four thousand five hundred and seventy-seven, being again more than double the number issued during the preceding year; in 1865 it issued eight thousand eight hundred and fifteen policies, being another increase of nearly a hundred per cent; while during the year 1866 it issued fourteen thousand one hundred and eighty-nine policies, being an increase of five thousand three hundred and seventy-four over the issue of 1865. and being more than twenty-four times the amount of business done in the year 1861, when the new plan of operation commenced. Up to the present time the Company has issued this year between five and six thousand policies; and if the business continue the same during the year, the result will show another very large increase over that of last year.

During the year 1866 the receipts of the Company for premiums and interest were over three and a half millions of dollars, while during the same period the total expenditures were but a fraction over one million; in which sum is included the accrued claims by death to the amount of nearly four hundred thousand dollars This statement shows that the business of the Company for the last year added to the Surplus Fund, after the payment of all claims, of every nature whatever, the sum of two millions three hundred and sixty-five thousand and ten dollars and eighty-one cents, being a sum larger than the entire previous Surplus.

It has been represented that a large part of the profits of the Company go to enrich the stockholders; but the only foundation that we can find for such allegation, is the fact that the stockholders receive the profits of the small amount of business that is done on the stock, or non-participating plan. The entire profits accruing on the participating plan, except six per cent. paid annually on a capital of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, belong to the insured, and are divided among them every year. Comparisons are useless, and often out of place, and we shall make none; but we do not hesitate to say that the record of the Ætna for the past year, is as honorable and flattering to the Company as it is gratifying to the policy-holders. Its success, as shown by the statement above made, is almost unprecedented; and it seems hardly credible that any Company should have gone on doubling its business, year by year, as the Ætna has done during the period covered by our brief review; yet such is the case, and the most gratifying part of the record is that for the past year, whereby the Surplus Fund has been so very largely increased. These successes are to be attributed, in a great measure, to the management of the Company.—The officers, from the President down, have been untiring in their efforts; and they have not forgotten that very important and necessary class of individuals—the Agents, whose co-operation they have secured by affording every facility to those agents that could be desired. We congratulate the Ætna upon its success in the past and its prospects for the future; and we cordially tender the wish that its record for the present year may be as gratifying as that shown by the last annual statement."

The ÆTNA is now issuing

NEARLY 1500 POLICIES EVERY MONTH

and is doing by far the largest business of any other Company in the Southern States.

OVER 800 PERSONS,

Among the number our most prominent and influential citizens and leading business men, are insured in this department alone.

DEATH POLICIES, amounting to $28,000, have been paid to Widows and Orphans in this State.

*Participating Life, non Forfeiting Endowment and Term Policies are issued.*

W. H. CROW,
General Agent for N. C. and Va., South of James River.
W. H. McKEE, *Medical Examiner.*
Aug. 5-304-2w.

### WILMINGTON & WELDON RAIROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND GEN. SUP'T., WILMINGTON, N. C., July 6, 1867.

REGULAR SCHEDULE.

ON and after July 5th. the following Schedule will be run by the Passenger trains over this Railroad:

DAY TRAINS,

Will leave Wilmington every morning (except Sundays) at 6 o'clock, A. M., and Weldon every morning (except Sundays) at 10:40 A. M.; arriving at Wilmington at 8 o'clock, P. M., and at Weldon at 3 o'clock, P. M.

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAINS,

Will leave Wilmington at 9:30 P. M., daily, and Weldon at 6:25 P. M., daily, arriving at Wilmington at 2:20 A. M. and at Weldon at 6:00 A. M.—Thirty-three hours to New York.

Trains pass Goldsboro' at 1:57 A. M., and 10:35 A. M. going North, and at 3:05 P. M., and 10:11 P. M., going South.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

LEAVES Goldsboro' at 1:30 P. M. on Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays, arriving at Weldon 9 P. M. LEAVES Weldon at 5 A. M. on Tuesdays,—Thursdays and Saturdays, arriving at Goldsboro' at 12:30 P. M., connecting both ways with North Carolina Railroad passenger trains, and with Seaboard and Petersburg Railroad freight trains, by which quick despatch is given to *through* freight and *way* passengers both ways. This train will be increased to a daily, as soon as the business requires it. Way passengers from or to points between Goldsboro' and Weldon, to or from Stations on the North Carolina Railroad, will find this a great convenience.

Passengers going East or West from Goldsboro,' should take the *Day Trains* from places South of Goldsboro.' Both trains connect at Wilmington with trains on Wilmington & Manchester Railroad, and at Weldon with trains via Richmond and Portsmouth, Va. The Day Trains connect with Old Bay Line. The Night Trains with Annemessix Line.

☞ All papers publishing Schedules, please change for this one.

S. L. FREMONT,
Chief Eng'r and Sup.
Aug 5-304-1m

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARY'D DEPOSITORY M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

H. H. MARTINDALE, OF N. C.,
WITH
SELBY AND DULANY,
Publishers, Booksellers
AND
STATIONERS,
332 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

N. R. SELBY, W. J. C. DULANY.
Aug 5-304-2aw3m

### COTTON BAGGING.

520 BALES EXTRA HEAVY

# INDIA BAGGING
FOR SALE
IN LOTS OF
10 BALES AND UPWARDS.
Each Bale Contains 360 Yards.

All orders accompanied with the Cash will be filled at the lowest market price.

For sale by
J. L. HATHAWAY & UTLEY,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
171 Pearl Street, New York.
Aug 5-304-2w

AGRICULTURAL LIME.

We are Agents for the State of H. V. N. Micmeyer's pure SHELL LIME—the best and most lasting Fertilizer, after all—Price $15 per 2000 lbs. Orders solicited.

E. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Raleigh, N. C.
Aug 5-305-tf

CHEAP COFFEE.

I am to-day in receipt of 10 Bags Coffee, which will be sold to the trade at low price.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 5-305-tf

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS CORN.

Prime WHITE CORN, wholesale and retail, by
DOUGLAS BELL,
Market Square.
Aug 5-305-tf

FLOUR! FLOUR!! GOOD NEW BETTER NEW!! BEST NEW!!

25 Barrels Fine Extra and No. 1. Family, in Store and for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 5-305-tf

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
*AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA*
FOR

HORACE L. EMERY & SONS' PATENT UNIversal Cotton Gins and Condensers, Lever and Railway Horse Powers;
Ingersoll's Cotton and Hay Presses,
The most improved Cotton Planters and Plows.
March 28—tf

A FORTUNE WITHOUT WORK.

May be soon realized by purchasing of me a STOCK RANCH in Vanzant Co., Texas, 150 miles west of Shreveport, La., containing a house, 80 acres fenced, and 240 of opened prairie,

FOR $1000 ONLY;

AND 250 HORSES FOR THE SMALL SUM OF

$25 EACH,

with all the last Spring colts thrown in to boot. Neither food or salt is ever given them.

ALSO TWO COTTON FARMS
of 800 Acres Each,

with improvements, for $4 and $8 per acre, in Upshur Co. Texas, on Big Cypress River, 30 miles from Steamboat navigation—and near the line of the A. & P. R. Road.

TERMS FOR ALL—one half cash, balance in one and two years, with good security. Title warranted—and Deed given when all is paid.

Address,
S. G. WARD,
Henderson N. C.
Aug 3-303-3w

### Important Sale of Real Estate, IN FAYETTEVILLE.

ON THURSDAY, THE 22D. DAY OF AUGUST next, will be offered for sale at Auction,

TWO BRICK BUILDINGS,

with five tenements or stores, situated on the South-side of Hay Street, between the Market Square and the Hotel. These stores are among the very best business stands in Fayetteville, and are well known as the McARN PROPERTY.

The first building is forty feet from the Market Square, fronts 60 or 65 feet on Hay Street, and runs back 55 feet. It is a two-story fire-proof building, and is divided into three tenements or stores (each separately fire proof,) by two solid partition walls of brick extending from the ground through the roof. The other building is situated a short distance higher up the same street, and is 42 feet front by 50 deep, two stories high, construction similar to the other, by being divided by a solid brick wall into two stories, separately fire-proof.

The lots on which these builings are situated are ample, running back to Franklin street. The property is so well known that it does not require a very particular discription, especially as any one wanting to buy such property will be sure to examine it for themselves. For any further information apply to Hugh McArn, at Laurinburg, or W. D. Smith, Fayetteville.

The terms of sale will be one-third cash, one-third in one year, and the remaining third in two years from the day of sale, purchasers to give bond with two good securities and mortgages on the premises, with interest from date and to pay papers.

If desired, any part of the above mentioned property will be sold privately before day of sale by applying to

HUGH McARN, Laurinburg, or
W. D. SMITH, Fayetteville.
Laurinburg, Aug 3-303-lawts

IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING TRIAL,

☞ Every Citizen Should have it! ☜
☞ Every Lawyer Should have it! ☜

Will be Published in a few days,

and continued weekly during the trial, a full and correct Stenographic Report of the case of

THE UNITED STATES
*versus*
TOLER, McRAE, PHILIPS, WATKINS AND POWERS,
FOR THE MURDER OF
ARCHIE BEBEE,
Alias, Archy Warden, (Colored.)

At Fayetteville, N. C., on the 11th. day of February, 1867.

NOW BEING TRIED BEFORE A

United States Military Commission,

CONVENED IN RALEIGH, N. C., JULY 23D, 1867.

The above will be issued every Saturday in pamphlet form, 8-vo. 16 pp.

It will contain an historical account of the Case, Biographical Sketches, &c., &c.

PRICE 15 CENTS PER COPY.

TEN COPIES, BY MAIL - - - $1 00

Sent by mail to any part of the United States, on receipt of the price in currency or postage stamps.

Liberal discount made to the trade.

Orders from the trade should be sent in immediately to secure early supplies.

Address,
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Publishers, Raleigh, N. C.
Aug 2-302-1w

## DRY GOODS.

GREATER BARGAINS
THAN EVER.

COME, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF OF THE fact.

5000 yards of all the latest, and most desirable styles

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

at greatly reduced Prices.

3,500 yards of bleached and brown

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

at prices to suit the times.

6,000 yards all desirable and fast color

PRINTS,

almost given away.

HOSIERY and GLOVES
HATS and BONNETS,
RIBBONS and TRIMMINGS,

together with a fine assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention,—all to be sold at rates to suit everybody.

Miles & Son's, and other makes, of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES AND BOOTEES,

at greatly reduced prices.

M. ROSENBAUM,
No. 16 Fayetteville St.
Aug 1-302-tf

GREATEST BARGAINS
OF THE SEASON.

2000 Yds. Calicoes, fast Colors, 10 and 12½c.

1,000 Yds. Fine Pacific Lawns, 1400 Cloth, 20c.
3 4 Lenos—good styles, 25 to 30c.
Shepherd plaid Mozambiques 30 to 40c.
6-4 Linens—6 yards makes a full dress, at 60c.

CALL AND TAKE A LOOK

before we sell them all out

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

GREAT REDUCTION
IN THE PRICES OF
DOMESTIC GOODS.

Good bleached Shirtings, 12½c, 15c and 20c.
4-4 Brown Sheetings, 15 to 18c.
Good 10-4 Bleached Sheetings, 60c.

WE OFFER OUR
ENTIRE STOCK
AT GREATLY REDUCED
PRICES.

Call and see for yourselves.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

MISSES' HEELED KID SLIPPERS,
WITH ROSETTES,

Sizes 11 to 1,—at 75c per pair
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 19-294-tf

LADIES' SEWED MORROCO BOOTEES, $1.25 to $1.50.

ALSO,

A large stock of Shoes, which we are closing out at greatly *reduced prices.*

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 19-294-tf

## RAILROADS.

NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES

*FROM CHARLOTTE AND ALL POINTS ON THE N. C. AND ITS CONNECTING RAIL ROADS TO THE SEABOARD AT WILMINGTON N. C., OR NORFOLK VA., via GOLDSBORO;*

ALSO VIA PETERSBURG AND CITY POINT.

The Railways composing this all STATE RAILWAY line have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH AIR LINE

route to all the Northern markets on equal terms and charges *via* our own ports, or by way of Norfolk or Petersburg Va., to and from the North.

No discrimination in favor of any place or city, only so far as to carry the great products of the State as well as return merchandise over the Railway lines largely *owned by the State.*

This arrangement, while it gives as great facilities and as cheap rates as by *any other* line, will aid in paying something into the State Treasury and into the common school fund, by which taxes will be lightened and the poor children educated. These are some of the reasons for a change of route to pass by Goldsboro.

The N. C. R. R., the Wil. & Weldon R. R., and the Seaboard and Roanoke Rail Road Companies, have agreed that all goods, not otherwise specially directed, shall pass by way of Goldsboro, for Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, at the same rates and in the same time that they can be carried by any other route.

This has been arranged and freight trains now run in close connection from Portsmouth to Charlotte.

CARS RUN THROUGH WITHOUT BREAKING BULK.

☞ Be careful in shipping from New York to ship by old Dominion Steamship Co., 187 Greenwich Street, or Pier 37, North River.

By old Bay line from Baltimore
By Clyde's Steamers or Annemessic Railway, Philadelphia.
By E. Sampson & Co. Steamers, Central Wharf, Boston.

☞ *See that no special direction is given to your goods by any Railway—not mentioned here.*

Take a through receipt to go by the "*Inland air line,*" *care of R. R. Agent, Portsmouth.*

WILLIAM SMITH,
Master of Transportation,
Wil. & Weldon, R. R. Co.
Wilmington, Aug 2-303-1m

Charlotte Times, Old North State, Salisbury, and Progress, Raleigh, copy one month.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY,
FOR SALE.

The Heirs at law of the late Mrs. Louisa Marling desire to sell the excellent and valuable Real Estate of said deceased, consisting of the Store and Dwelling at

No. 48 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Raleigh, and the lot on which it stands.

The building is of brick, two stories high, with a good Cellar—all in good repair. There is an excellent brick Kitchen, and a small, but productive Garden in the rear.

Mr. Royster, the present tenant, will take pleasure in showing the property.

Address,
W. K. BARHAM,
Att'y for the Heirs,
Warrenton, N. C.
Aug 2-302-2w

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Committee appointed at May Term of the County Court, will let to the lowest bidder the building of the bridge across Neuse River, at the place known as "Battle's Bridge."

Bids to be made at the place, on Saturday, the 17th. of August, at 12 M.

A. T. MIAL,
R. DUNN,
W. J. BUSBEE, } Committee.
WM. R. POOL,
WM. H. HOOD,
Aug 2-302-1aw3t
Standard copy 3 times, weekly.

LOST!

On Monday evening last, I lost my Account Book, between my house and Raleigh. Any one finding it will please return it, and I will pay for his trouble.

DAVID WILLIAMS.
Near Raleigh, Aug 2-302-3t

## LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA
LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are nonforfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1863, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to
F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
Agent for Raleigh.
July 4-280-eod3m

LIFE INSURANCE.
THE
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars, assets, all belong to and are under the control of, its Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and notwithstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, and over 1,020,000 dollars to widows and orphans, there is now a surplus of over

6,000,000 DOLLARS.

This Company's Notes cannot be *assessed*, (nor even deducted from the Policy, as in a Stock Company, in case of death,) except on the limited endowment plan, but are canceled by anticipated dividends.

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.
Office with P. F. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.
July 18-293-3m

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making Certain Provision for one's Family."
BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any safe Company in the United States.

Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policy, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.

JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents.
Dr. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Examiner.—Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.
July 27-220-3m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 22-294-tf

FOR SALE.

In the town of Newton, on the Western N. C. R. R., and near the celebrated Catawba White Sulphur Springs,

A HALF ACRE LOT ON MAIN ST.

one square from the Court House, with good Dwelling containing six rooms, office, stables and other out buildings, with a well of very good water.

Also, within the town limits,

NINE ACRES OF LAND,

five of which are well timbered with Oak and Hickory.

For particulars, apply to
L. M. RUDISILL,
Newton, N. C.
July 24-296-2w

FOR SALE.

A neat COTTAGE RESIDENCE, in a convenient and pleasant part of the city.

Also, a vacant lot of about one fourth of an acre, very desirable for a building lot.

Terms moderate and to suit purchasers.

Apply to
MRS. MARY E. GORMAN,
Executrix.
July 31-301-1w

SITUATION WANTED,

As Teacher, in a Classical School, by a young man of several years' experience, competent to teach the Classics and higher Mathematics.

Best references given and required.

Address Box No. 69, Fayetteville, N C.
July 31-301-2aw5t

WE HAVE A SECOND HAND BUGGY AND Harness for sale, cheap.
JENKINS & PERRY.
July 25-297-tf

## WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.
WORTH & DANIEL.
Shipping & Commission Merchants,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.
Feb 6-154-6m

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 1¼ inches.

| | |
|---|---|
| One square one time | $1,00 |
| " " each subsequent insertion less than a week | 50 |
| One square one week | 3,00 |
| Each additional square one week | 2,00 |
| One square two weeks | 5,00 |
| Each additional square two weeks | 2,50 |
| One square one month | 8,00 |
| Each additional square one month | 3,00 |
| One square two months | 10,00 |
| Each additional " | 3,50 |
| One square three months | 12,00 |
| Each additional " | 4,00 |
| One quarter column " | 25,00 |
| One half column " | 40,00 |
| One column " | 75,00 |

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

# THE SENTINEL.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1867.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—W. H. Crow, General Agent of Ætna Life Insurance Company, makes a splendid exhibit of the advantages and benefits of that excellent institution. We call special attention to the article which appears in our advertising columns.

Labor-Saving Pump, Agricultural Ware-House: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Regular Schedule of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Co: S. L. Fremont, Chief Engineer and Superintendent. This announcement should have appeared some time since, but the directions in the *Journal* for us to copy were overlooked.

Cotton Bagging: J. L. Hathaway and Utley, Commission Merchants, 171 Pearl St., New York.

Selby & Dulany: Publishers, Booksellers and Stationers, 332 West Baltimore St., Baltimore, (Maryland Depository M. E. Church, South.) It will be seen that our worthy young ex-townsman, H. H. Martindale, is with this enterprising firm. Most of the State Stationery is purchased at this establishment, and we can confidently commend it to the patronage of our people.

Agricultural Lime: B. P. Williamson & Co., Fayetteville Street.

Cheap Coffee, Corn and fine new Family Flour: Douglas Bell, Market Square.

MAYOR'S COURT.—Plummer Gregory, colored, charged with larceny, was returned to the County Court.

DEATH OF JACOB MORDECAI, ESQ.—We announce, with much regret, the death of Jacob Mordecai, Esq., at his residence, in this County, on Saturday morning last. Mr. Mordecai was the second son of Moses Mordecai, deceased, one of the most distinguished lawyers of his day. He was about 45 years of age, we presume, and at one time represented this County in the Legislature.

Possessed of the most social traits of character, Jacob Mordecai was one of our most popular citizens. Hospitable, generous, and full of genial humor, few men had more friends. His numerous acquaintances throughout the State will read the announcement of his death with unfeigned regret.

REGISTRATION.—We learn that positive instructions have been received for the Registrars to commence registration on the 15th. inst. This being the 5th. of the month, it is necessary that the Registrars should issue their notice to-day,—as they are required by the law to give ten days' notice before commencing operations.

We take this occasion to request our friends, in the different parts of the State, to send us, as registration progresses, from time to time, the results in their respective localities; which they can doubtless readily obtain from the Registrars.

REGISTRARS.—Solomon Pool, another Wake County Registrar, has declined serving.

Thos. Hampson has been appointed by Col. Bomford to fill the vacancy in the board, created by the declination of Dr. B. J. Harrison.

D. G. MCRAE, ESQ.—We learn that this gentleman was received most warmly, upon his arrival at home, in Fayetteville, on Wednesday last, by his fellow-citizens.—Numbers were collected at the depot to greet him and to tender him their congratulations upon his release.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—A new and dangerous $2 Greenback, well executed and calculated to deceive. Examine all twos carefully, especially new bills of that denomination.

Also $1 Greenback, close imitation, but the engraving is coarse, especially the head of Chase, which differs from the genuine in the eyes and mouth, but more particularly in the nose, which is of an entirely different type.

Five dollar Greenbacks. The words "United States," compared with the original, have a scratchy appearance. In general appearance, paper and printing, they are well calculated to deceive.

So says Thompson's *Reporter*.

MILITARY COMMISSION.—This tribunal was not in session on Saturday. It meets this morning at 11 o'clock.

THE N. C. RAILROAD.—*The Standard*, in the exuberance of its sublimated loyalty, calls loudly for the removal, by the military authority, of Josiah Turner, the newly elected President of the N. C. Railroad. At this no one is surprised. Ever since the Southern Confederacy failed, *the Standard* has been in a surly mood, and especially since the election of Governor, by way of reconstructing, just after starting on our homeward-bound journey—(alas! for want of transportation facilities)—has it been carping about matters and things generally, only omitting to give a concise statement of the manner in which the appointees of the Provisional Governor discharged their duties *to themselves* and the public, while the road was in their custody. This is a point upon which, for the nonce, leaving the diagnosis of our deceased economy to *the Rutherford Star* or some other able loyal paper to discuss, and giving the unwashed a little time in which to breathe, *the Standard* could dilate, if not with unction to itself, at least with interest to its readers. But instead, we only have one steady, continual note about the *present* management of the road, with a suggestion to commander Sickles to remove the disloyal President of the company. Now, Josiah may be disloyal; aye, he may even, at the beck of *the Standard*, have gone to the tented field, and fought to destroy the Government which was once so distasteful to *the Standard*; but suppose he proves he is loyal to the railroad over the destinies of which he has been called to preside, and that he infuses a spirit of loyalty to the concern in the hearts of all his subordinates, and many of the stockholders who are a little disaffected, to say nothing of divers other men who look upon the road "as legitimate plunder," is not this about all we could reasonably hope even from appointees of the best regulated Provisional Government the sun ever shone upon? Josiah says he is loyal to the road; and while we believe he is honest in the assertion, we are also constrained to believe that some significance, coming in at the late hour he does, and under the circumstances, is attached to the name Josiah—Given of the Lord—and as Josiah of old displayed considerable zeal in destroying and abolishing idols and idolatry in his day, and establishing a legitimate mode of worship, so has Josiah the Second, who was evidently raised up by an unseen Hand, and not a moment too soon, displayed equal zeal in reforming the affairs of his road, in the way of retrenchment and reform, not to speak of the difficult task of cleansing the Augean stables erected by the late provisional government; which,

Dig and throw out the dirt as you will,
The scent of the nose hangs around them still.

And in effecting this work the people, those interested in the success of the road, should come to his aid, and sustain him in his efforts. At all events, we bespeak for him a respectful showing—something a little better than a common white man's chance—and hope *the Standard* will not suppress him until he commits an overt act towards the corporation.—*Greensboro' Patriot.*

[From the National Intelligencer.]

From various portions of the Southern States we learn that many intelligent, influential, and substantial old citizens decline all participation in the work of organization and reconstruction as projected by Congress. For the most part they remain passive, having spontaneously adopted the policy recommended by Mr. A. H. Stephens. They will either vote against a Convention, or not vote at all, even should they consent to the registration of their names.

They do not consider that they have anything to do with the future government of their respective States, as that has passed from the hands of the people of those States to Congress. They have the privilege of remaining on the soil, subject to the future division of the same between them and the freedmen. But their State governments have been destroyed by Congress, and no modification of this form can be tolerated by Radicals, no matter how absurd and unjust it may be.

When the State governments pass from the hands of the military they will devolve upon the freedmen and their few white Radical allies, who will, of course, engross for themselves all Federal and State authority, and consult only their own interests as a class and as a party. Even remonstrances from respectable citizens against the oppressions of this sort of government would be unheeded by Congress, and perhaps provoke punitive legislation. It is not at all strange that a very large portion of the most intelligent and useful citizens of the South should act on Mr. A. H. Stephens' theory, that they cannot improve their situation and prospects either by resisting or by promoting the Congress plan of reconstruction.

But such citizens might do well to remember that the present is an unnatural and temporary condition of affairs, and that the time will soon come when their counsels will be required, and will be duly appreciated, and when their influence, both within their own States and with the General Government, may be beneficially exercised. Therefore, it is an ill advised feeling, on their part, to keep themselves in the background. They might at least show that they are ready to take the position in political affairs to which the voice of their fellow-citizens may at some early day call them. It would be exceedingly satisfactory to Conservative men throughout the North to know that there is a force, powerful in talent and worth, existing in the South, that will be ever watchful and ready for the opportunity to aid in redeeming the country from the hands of those who now misrule it.

SEMI-OFFICIAL OUT-GIVINGS.—The *National Intelligencer*, of the 1st. instant, says:

"The Constitution of the United States is yet the rule to civil and military men in all things where it recites jurisdiction, privileges, and duties.

As it was decided in full Cabinet, and first announced in the *Intelligencer*, the President will execute the law of Congress, and no other person will be allowed to dictate in the matter, outside of and in defiance of the Executive. The Constitution recognizes no dual Executive. Congress, at the last session, refused to pass or adopt a provision to take the power from the President to remove the commanding generals at the South.

This position was in the teeth of the desires of most Radical partisans, who imagined that after Congress adjourned the powers of the President under the Constitution were suspended, and that the generals in the South had unlimited powers outside of that instrument, and in defiance of any Executive control."

A Maine man who had the right of a certain sewing machine, in which he had not the greatest confidence, for a Western State, once received a letter from his partner stating that he had an offer of a horse for $40 and a sewing machine, and asking whether he should accept. Yankee replied that if he could get the horse for forty machines and a dollar to take him; he did not like to put out so much money.

Speaking of business depression all over the country, the *National Intelligencer* contends that "trade will not revive while Radical rule continues; a fair crop of grain will put starvation from our doors is very true; but it will not [illegible] from [illegible] of itself to set in motion the ca[illegible] also dur[illegible]d industries of the country."

# TELEGRAPHIC.

## Saturday Evening Dispatches.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Aug. 3, M.

In the House of Lords, last evening, the Reform bill was reported from the Committee of the whole, where it was under consideration. The final action will be taken on the measure on Tuesday.

Dispatches have been received here from Athens, announcing that the Grecians have defeated the Turks in several recent engagements.

TENNESSEE GONE RADICAL—CLOSING ARGUMENT IN THE SURRATT CASE.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 3, M.

The election returns, so far, foot up a majority of 17,000 for Brownlow.

Trimble, Stokes, Arnell, Maynard, Hawkins, Mullens, Mumm and Butler, all Radicals, are elected to Congress. They make a clean sweep of both branches of the Legislature.

The counsel for the prosecution in the Surratt trial commenced the closing argument in the case this morning. The case will be given to the Jury on Monday.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3,—M.

Cotton quiet. Uplands 28.
Turpentine firm, 58.
Gold $1,40¼.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 2,—P. M.

Cotton quiet and steady. Uplands 10¼. Orleans 10¼. Sales 10,000 bales.

## Monday Morning Dispatches.

FIRE IN MOBILE.

MOBILE, Aug. 4,—P. M.

A fire occurred yesterday morning at 131 Dauphin Street, destroying the building. The loss is estimated at $20,000. It was partially insured.

WASHINGTON AND MEXICAN NEWS—MARSHAL GOODLOE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4, 1867.

Admiral Tegethoff, of the Austrian Navy, and suite are here. They are *en route* to Mexico for the body of Maximilian.

The order for the removal of Sheridan has not yet been prepared. It is said, in circles usually well informed on public affairs, that Gen. Thomas will supersede Sheridan, that Hancock will take the position now occupied by Thomas and that Sheridan will be ordered to report to Lieut. Gen. Sherman.

The Secretary of the Navy has received dispatches from Commander Roe, U. S. Steamer *Tacony*, announcing his arrival at Pensacola in four days from Vera Cruz, where he left Admiral Palmer in his flag-ship, the *Susquehanna*.

The Prime Minister of the late Maximilian, and his Secretary, were passengers on the *Tacony*.

No representatives are recognized in Mexico but those of the United States; the other foreign Consuls having struck their flags.

Santa Anna is at Campeachy.

Judge Pierpont, for the prosecution, commenced addressing the jury in the Surratt case yesterday. He occupied the entire day, and the probability is that he will not conclude before Tuesday.

Receipts of Internal Revenue, yesterday, $1,380,000.

Fractional currency reddemed during the week, ending Saturday, amounted to $395,300.

Marshal Goodloe, of the district of North Carolina, has reported to the Attorney General that the process of the United States Circuit Court, lately held by Chief Justice Chase, is obstructed by order of Lt. Col. Frank, Commanding Post of Wilmington.

The ground is expressly mentioned in the order to be that, in each of the cases obstructed, the cause of the action adjudicated upon by Judge Chase occurred between the 19th of December, 1860, and the 15th of May, 1865,—Gen. Sickles, in order No. 10, having forbidden Judges to entertain any suits for matters accruing between those dates.

The Marshal supposes that Gen. Sickles did not mean to include the Courts of the U. S.

Col. Frank interprets the order differently.—Marshal Goodloe has suspended action until he hears from Gen. Sickles or receives instructions from Washington, being anxious to avoid any collision.

This matter is regarded as a very grave event, although the impression prevails that the Commander at Wilmington has acted without the knowledge of Gen. Sickles, who is confidently expected to disapprove his action. Goodloe's course has been approved at the Attorney General's office, but no step will be taken until the time has passed for a report from the Commanding General.

MEXICAN NEWS—JACOB THOMPSON.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4,—P. M.

A letter of July 10, from Orizaba, gives an account of enthusiastic receptions to Madame Juarez, all along the route to Mexico City.

Juarez will undoubtedly be the unanimous choice for President.

A Canadian Commission is in session in New York, taking evidence in behalf of the U. S. in a suit against Jacob Thompson in the Chancery Court of Toronto, to recover the Confederate Privateer Georgiana, which was intended for service on the Lakes during the war.

ROBBERY.

ST LOUIS, Aug. 4, P. M.

The United States Express was robbed of about $17,0.0 near Maysville yesterday morning by three men who stopped the stage. The passengers were also robbed of considerable money and other valuables.

SALUTE IN HONOR OF TENNESSEE.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 4.

A salute was fired yesterday morning, by order of the Governor, in honor of the Tennessee victory!

A MAN KILLED.

RICHMOND, Aug. 4, P. M.

Wm. P. Baily, of Baltimore, was run over and killed on the Petersburg Railroad last night.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3,—P. M.

Cotton firmer, 28½. Flour, new 25@50c lower; Ohio $9,15@$12; Western $6,25@$9,50; Southern $12@$15.
Pork New Mess $22.87@23.25.
Gold $1.40¼

Senor Romero, the Mexican Minister, has been relieved from duty. He received a complimentary address from Post No. 1 of the army of the Republic, and in reply had the decency to say that he declined to express an opinion on the execution of Maximilian. What a rebuke to his own government, and to those persons in this country who have apologized for this atrocious murder!

BUST OF GENERAL LEE.—We understand that Miss Vinnie Ream, the accomplished sculptress, proposes visiting Lexington in September to take a plaster cast of General R. E. Lee, which she will carry with her to Rome with the view of giving it the more lasting and enduring form of marble.—*Lynchburg News.*

A company is forming in France for the purpose of trade on the Niger. Some of our Radical leaders who have had great experience in trading on the "nigger," should be made President.—*Boston Post.*

NEGRO POPULARITY NORTH.—The party that has the negro vote, or fishes for the negro vote, here in the North, is dead and rotten, and buried for all time. No resurrection of dead men's bones will ever bring its foul carcass to the surface of the green earth again.—*New York Old Guard.*

WELL PUT.—The remark of the New Orleans *Times*, that "the people of the South have accepted the situation, but they want the situation to accept them."

The Rev. H. Mansell, of the Indian (Methodist) Mission, has made an abridgement in the Hindostanee language of Watson's "Life of Wesley."

The Queen of Spain is said to be writing a work on the "Happiness of Nations," on which topic her subjects will probably be curious to know what are her Majesty's ideas.

General Joseph R. Davis, of Mississippi, and Mrs. General Stonewall Jackson, of North Carolina, are at the New York Hotel.

Lieutenant M. F. Maury is devoting himself to literary pursuits in England. His family have joined him there. He is now at work upon a series of Southern school books to be issued by a New York house.

A Kentucky peach-grower has sold his entire crop, as it hangs on the trees, to a house in Cincinnati for $14,000, or about $2.75 per tree.

APTLY STATED.—Admiral Semmes, through the Memphis *Bulletin*, thus states the case:

"Suppose that in one or more of the Southern States it were possible to vote down a convention? *Cui bono*? In less than a week after the meeting of the next Congress the military reconstruction acts would be so amended as to disfranchise other classes sufficiently numerous to give the preponderance to the negro vote: and in less than six days from the modification of the acts the "rebellious" States which had refused to organize would pass, like the others, under negro rule. Does the *Freeman's Journal* doubt the disposition of Congress to do this? and has it any reason to doubt that the Northern people would sustain the Congress? These are the reasons which have influenced so many Southern men to submit to the ungracious and ungenerous terms which have been imposed upon them. By exertion there is a bare possiblity of saving themselves—without exertion everything is lost."

The late Democratic Congressman Denson once in disgust told the President that if he should appcint the twelve Apostles to office, there was only one of them the Senate would confirm.

Twenty thousand Swiss women earn a comfortable living by watchmaking.

Ten miles in eight minutes were made by a New York railroad train the other day.

Forty million bushels of coal are shipped yearly down the Ohio.

Eighty thousand dozen bottles of Congress water were sold last year.

## FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. — BRANCH, SONS & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Cape Fear | 26 |
| " Charlotte | 24½ |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Commerce | 16 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Lexington | 16 |
| " " at Graham | 23 |
| " North Carolina | 46 |
| " Roxboro' | 52 |
| " Thomasville | 52 |
| " Wadesborough | 24 |
| " Washington | 14 |
| " Wilmington | 24 |
| " Yanceyville | 9 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 23 |
| Farmer's Bank of North Carolina | 25 |
| Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co. | 6 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern | 55 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 35 |

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

## Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C. | 46c |
| " Cape Fear | 26 |
| " Charlotte | 24 |
| " Wadesboro | 24 |
| " Wilmington | 24 |
| " Roxboro | 55 |
| " Thomasville | 55 |
| " Lexington at Graham | 23 |
| " " Lexington | 16 |
| " Commerce | 16 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Washington | 12 |
| " Yanceyville | 9 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern | 55 |
| Farmers' Bank of Greensboro | 25 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 35 |
| Commercial Bank of Wilmington | 23 |
| Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co. | 6 |
| Virginia Bank Notes average about | 28 |
| South Carolina " | 15 |
| Georgia " | 25 |

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-298-3m*

## SPECIAL NOTICES


LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, AND FURNISHING GOODS, Boots and Shoes, and a fine assortment of Gent's and Boys' HATS, at greatly reduced prices, at

M. ROSENBAUM.

Aug 1-302-tf


## MISCELLANEOUS.


WANTED.

A situation as Teacher, (in a private family prefered,) by a young Lady who has had several years' experience in teaching English, French and Music.

Best references given.

Address, MISS "H. H. H.,"
care of Dr. R. B. RICHARDSON,
Burnt Ordinary,
Aug 1-302-2w* James City County, Virginia.

TWO FINE MILK COWS, WITH YOUNG Calves, for sale.

Apply to
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Aug 1-302-tf

ATTENTION HOUSE KEEPERS!!!

IF YOU WANT GOOD
BREAD,
BISCUIT,
CAKE,
CRACKERS,
or PASTRY,

Go and buy a Barrel of that new PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR, just received to-day and warranted by

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 3-303-tf

SOUTHAMPTON HAMS.

A Prime—Sound, Sweet Red Hams, from 8 to 12lbs. each.

For Sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 3-303-tf

20 BUNDLES HOOP IRON—1 and 1¼ inches.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

July 29-300-tf

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC, FOR 1868.

HAVING SECURED FROM THE PARTIES, (who alone have the right to publish Turner's North Carolina Almanac,) the exclusive privilege of selling the same in this State, we would therefore give notice that this is the only "*Turner's Almanac*" authorised to be published in this State. The Almanac is now in preparation and will be issued in a short time. All who wish to supply themselves with the well known and long established "Turner's N. C. Almanac," are solicited to send in their orders early.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address,
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Opposite National Bank.

Raleigh, July 26-298-tf


## COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.


LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE, FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly season.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MARSHALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. HODGES, D. D.

June 21-267-d2m

YADKIN COLLEGE AND B. F. SEMINARY, Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accommodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter ten young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer, and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, sound in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5.00 to $20 00. Payment in advance.
Board, $45.00.
Entrance, $1.00.
Board is $10.00, if paid by the month.
For further information, address,

REV. G. W. HEGE, A. M.
July 3-278-dewawlaw4w. President.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY.

Will resume duties on 22d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $31.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address, GEO. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.

June 27-272-tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.
Tuition, $20 to 30 per. Session.
Board, $12 per month.
Washing 75cts. to $1,00 per month.
Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-td B. CRAVEN.

VINE HILL ACADEMY.

A Vacancy having occured in the above institution, the Trustees wish to engage teachers for the male and female departments for the balance of the year.

Application must be made immediately, as it is desirable that the school shall commence by the 15th. August.

Address the undersigned at Halifax, N. C.

WM. R. SMITH, Prest.

Scotland Neck, N. C. July 16-291-2awim.

CONCORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

The next Session will commence on the first Monday of September and will close on the 20th. of December.

Partial payments will be required in advance. Ninety dollars paid in advance will settle the whole account for tutiton, board and contingent fee for the session.

Moderate extra charges will be made for Music, Latin, French, Drawing and Ornamental Penmanship.

For Circulars, address,

J. M. M. CALDWELL,
July 25-297-1wda5ww* Statesville, N. C.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June.

Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by Canal, or by stage from Bonsack's on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-275-5w

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL, JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

REV. R. BURWELL & SON.

Charlotte, July 12-288-3tawtOct 1.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY, GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

REV. H. G. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

THE Fall Session opens Thursday, the 25th. July 1867.

Circulars forwarded upon application.

June 19-265-2aw6w

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

$800,000 N. C. Bonds for Sale.

TREASURY DEPT. OF N. C., RALEIGH, July 26, 1867.

THE BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEments, in consequence of a certificate to them under An Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize the President and Directors of the Western North Carolina Rail Road Company to put said Road under contract," ratified 27th. February 1867, having notified me to subscribe for eight hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock of said Company, in order to pay said subscription, sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned on or before the 10th. day of August, 1867, for the purchase of eight hundred thousand dollars bonds of the State of North Carolina, with coupons for interest at 6 per cent payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year at the National Bank of the Republic in the city of New York, and the principal payable at the end of thirty years from the 1st. July, 1867, said bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000, each.

As collateral security, for the payment of each bond ten shares of stock in the North Carolina Rail Road Company are mortgaged, in accordance with "An Act to enhance the value of the Bonds, to be issued for the completion of the Western North Carolina Rail Road and for other purposes," ratified 19th. December, 1866.

The aforesaid Bonds are exempt from taxation. No bid for less than *par* will be [illegible].

KEMP P. BATTLE,
July 26-298-td Public Treasurer.

N. C. LEAF LARD.

Perfectly sweet and beautiful, at
July 25-297-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.


## WHOLESALE GROCERS.


FOR SALE, VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE, made last year.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 5-281-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 1-276-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.

10 Half Boxes *fine* Chewing Tobacco manufactured in 1863.

Call and see it.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16-291-tf

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

100 Sacks N. C. new Flour.

On consignment,
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 29-300-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

5 Hhds. Cuba Molasses.

B P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 20-296-tf

THE VERY BEST.

We have just received a supply of the justly celebrated,

CYGNET CHEWING TOBACCO,

manufactured by Kingsbury and Thomas.

Apply early.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 15-290-tf Wholesale Grocers.

1000 BUSHELS NICE WHITE CORN just received and for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

N. C. CIDER VINEGAR, MOLASSES, AND the best N. C. Apple Brandy.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

THE BEST N. C. FAMILY FLOUR MADE OF new wheat.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, STARCH AND SOAP just received and for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

POSTPONED.

Our Fourth Great Auction Sale by Catalogue, of Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Crockery,
Glass and China Ware,

READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND SHOES,
AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,

is postponed until Wednesday, the 7th. day of August, on which day, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at our Store, 58 Fayetteville St., the sale will commence, and continue on Thursday, the 8th.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers, Auction & Commission Merchants.

July 15-290-td


## FAMILY GROCERS.


CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Three hundred Bushels just received and another lot daily expected.

BACON! BACON!!

PRIME HAMS, SHOULDERS & SIDES.

SUGAR.

TEN BARRELS P. R. & REFINED SUGARS.

FAMILY ROE HERRING.

Forty ½ Barrels Wood's celebrated N. C. Roe Herrings, for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 31-301-tf Market Square.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

Manufactured by the late Mr. McKnight, of Franklin County. The very *converse of sweet!* Try it.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

PEACHES, APPLES &c.

We have an arrangement, by which we will keep daily supplied with

FRESHLY GATHERED FRUITS.

*Just to think of Milk and Peaches, Preserves and Apple Pies!* There is something in the contemplation of them akin to the sweet memories of *Strawberries and Cream!*

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

BACON! BACON!! BACON!!!

One thousand pounds C. R. Sides Prime.

One thousand pounds Shoulders and five hundred pounds of those nice SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, are to day received and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 25-297-tf Market Square.

HARDWARE!

TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK OF HARDware, I offer to the trade, at reduced price, the following invoice:

2 Doz. Elephant Axes, each 4½-5½lbs, 4½-6lbs., 5-6½lbs.
3 Doz. No 8 Cards, Cotton,
2 Doz. No. 6 Cards, Wool
2 Doz. Weeding Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. Hilling Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. S H Pitch Forks,
3 Doz. Rowland Shovels,
1 Doz. Spades,
1 Doz Grub Hoes,
½ Doz. Fry Pans, each 1, $3 75, 2 $4,50, 3 $5 00.
82 lbs. Hook and Eye Hinges.

These articles will be sold low and on accommodating terms, for negotiable paper.

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 27-299-tf

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

One hundred Bushels Prime White meal, just received by

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 15-290-tf


## MISCELLANEOUS.


CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds

ROBT. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL.
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

JOS. F. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
COURT HOUSE BUILDING,
*NEWBERN, N. C.*

July 19-294-6m

MIDWAY SCHOOL. CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf


## RAILROADS.


# GREAT NATIONAL DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or Emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western States* from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangements have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road* at *RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers goin West from Raleigh, *via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,

| | |
|---|---|
| Mail Train, | 8.45, A. M. |
| Fast Line, | 3.20, P. M. |
| Express train, | 9.45, P. M. |

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,

| | |
|---|---|
| Mail Train, | 7.45 A. M. |
| Fast Line | 4.30, P. M. |
| Express Train, | 8.45, P. M. |

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars, combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five* to *ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked through*, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers* on *through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western States*, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt., or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.
L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
B. & O. R. R.

July 9-285-1y


## RAILROADS.


RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD STOCK FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court House in Raleigh, on Thursday, 8th. August prox, at 11 o'clock, A. M., one HUNDRED AND FORTY SHARES of the capital stock of this Company—being the aggregate of fractional shares in the lately declared distribution of 5 per cent of Company's reserved stock.

The proceeds arrising from the sale of fractional shares, will be distributed *pro rata* among the stockholders, and paid, with the cash dividend, on the 15th. August.

By order of Board of Directors,
W. W. VASS,
July 30-300-td Treasurer.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD.
1867 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH, BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rates.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Old Dominion Steamship Co., N. L. McCready, President, Office No 187, Greenwich Street, Corner Dey Street, Pier 37 North River, New York.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks, Agent, foot of Union Dock, and the Powhatan Steam Boat Company, J. Brandt, Jr., office 90 Light Street wharf,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, and Via. Annamessic line.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to Rail Road Agents, Portsmouth, Va., City Point and Petersburg, Va. Goods coming this way must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
July 26-298-tf Freight Agt R & G R R.


## MISCELLANEOUS.


WILLIAM LAMB, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Lugs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of MR. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

July 12-294-2m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $16.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station. Apply to

POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.

June 20-271-6m

# THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1867.

[From the Warrenton Indicator.]

*LOVE SONG—NOVEMBER.*

BY A RALEIGH LADY.

Grim trumpeter of Winter's steed!
Thy wildest music I'll no heed;
My spirit's calm, and all a tone,
To far off melody of June—
Then e'en November.

The Gentian with her eyes of blue,
Looks up to skies of kindred hue;
And far and wide the *bonny broom,
Proclaims itself a royal plume—
In sere November.

I tread no longer crisp brown leaves,
Nor hear the sigh that Nature heaves;
A softer breath is on my brow,
A gentler presence wooes me now—
Than thine, November.

Sweet madrigals are in the air,
Altho', they say, the boughs are bare;
And by my side a form and fay,
Whose witching ward restores the May—
To me, November.

LINGAHORE.

*Planta Genista, the lowly broom, from which the royal house of Plantagenet is said to have derived its name.

[From the Cleaveland Plaindealer.]

*TWO OHIO DARKEYS MATCHED TO EAT LIVER FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.*

Exciting contests for money, or prizes—or both—are by no means confined, now-a-days, to pugilists, base-ball clubs, billiardists, cricketers, &c. But yesterday the *Plaindealer* contained a notice of a match to be *played* by a couple of brass bands; and to-day we have a still more singular one to chronicle, it being nothing else than a liver match between a couple of "dusky Ethiops" (*vide Leader*) for the championship of Oberlin and Ashtabula. The principals in this match are Charles Sumner Pompey and Benjamn Wade Cæsar, two prominent members of the tonsorial profession of Cleaveland. The match is to take place at Chapin's slaughter-house, on the 2d day of next August; and, by the articles of agreement, the man who eats the most sheep's liver, within twenty-five minutes, is to receive a beautiful silver-mounted toothpick, and be declared the champion liver-eater of Oberlin and Ashtabula.

Charles Sumner Pompey was born in the Fourth Ward, Cleaveland, quite a number of years ago. He manifested an early fondness for liver, and exhibited so much talent and dexterity in eating it, that the Honorable David A. Lavangler procured his early admission to a slaughter house, with the privilege of spending his spare time in eating liver. Much of his talent for liver-eating, Mr. Pompey inherits from his parents, both of whom are scarcely excelled in that line. Charles is a man of elegant manners, and excels as a conversationalist. In politics he is a Radical, and thinks that the Ethiopian is eventually to be the dominant race.

Benjamin Wade Cæsar is a son of Mr. Cæsar, by a particular friend, and was born in Oberlin. He early joined the Republican party, and soon afterwards attracted public attention as an amateur eater of liver.

Both of the contestants are, strictly speaking, amateurs, although their great experience as liver eaters warrants the expectation that the match will be a game one, in the highest degree. Betting thus far is in favor of Cæsar, at the odds of three to five. There are those, however, who believe that Pompey's capacity for holding food is such that he will burst his opponent on the third round. We shall see.

## BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

### TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

*BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.*

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at *"The North Carolina Book Store," No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellaneous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery,* and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City reference, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.

July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

**WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,**

**No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.**

**Book Sellers and Stationers,**

**DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,**

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

July 25-297-tf

BEST KEROSENE OIL.

Lamps and Wicks,
5 doz. Collins & Co's Axes.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

July 24-296-tf

## GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT,
Charleston, May 30.

*General Orders No. 32.*

1. Any citizen a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling, employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8. In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES,
J. W. CLOUS, A. A. A. G.

## DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming

I keep no *time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.

May 31-250-tf

Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

**Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of**

*MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.*

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

## MISCELLANEOUS.

NO 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET

IN STORE,

50 Boxes Window Glass 8x10 and upwards.
40 Cooking Stoves.
Kerosene Oil by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,
For HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, June 22-268-tf

LANDRETH'S

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

(CROP OF 1867.)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Early flat | Dutch | Turnip. |
| " Red | Top | Do. |
| " Snow | Ball | Do. |
| Large Pomeranian Globe | | Do. |
| " Norfolk | | Do. |
| Purple Top Ruta Baga | | Do. |

Just received at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

July 24-296-tf

MASON'S PATENT

FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,
For Sale by the single one, or dozen.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, June 13-260-tf

## Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

*THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.*

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

**Proposed Constitutional Amendment.**

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

**An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.**

*Be it enacted*, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

*Approved July 2, 1862*

*SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.*

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 186, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registrrtion will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God." which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

SEC. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

SEC. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

SEC. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as therein provided.

SEC. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

SEC. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

SEC. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

**Virginia Military Institute,**

LEXINGTON, VA.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE IN PROGRESS TO accommodate 100 additional Cadets in this Institution. Its well established character for its system of discipline and course of instruction commends it to the support of those who desire a thorough and practical education.

Information will be supplied by application to the undersigned.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
Superintendent.

my 13-wlmalswtlSept.

## NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, JOHN H. HYMAN,
OF TARBORO, N.C., OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Shingles, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. B. UTLEY.

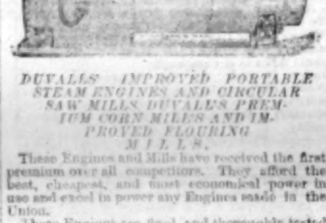
Feb. 20-6m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY

PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



*DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.*

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address

JOHN B. GRETTER,
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
Sole Agent for N. C.

June 26-271-3m

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 32 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

May 15-1867

PIEDMONT SPRINGS FOR SALE.

ON THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1867, WE shall sell, on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the celebrated watering place known as

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

and 56½ acres of land attached, situated in Stokes County, North Carolina, three miles from the capital of the county.

This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Rich-Square, Northampton county, N. C.

TERMS OF SALE:—Twelve months credit, bond and approved security with interest from date, title retained till purchase money paid.

M. W. SMALLWOOD, }
JOHN TILLERY. } Trustees.

July 6-283-td

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R R Hillsboro.
Hon John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham,
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, catering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

June 28-274-3m

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

*CHARLOTTE, N. C.*

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD,
Charlotte, N. C.

June 24-269-3m

## BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

*LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,*

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.

mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

| | |
|---|---|
| Plumbing, | Mount Vernon Cook Stove, |
| Sheet Lead, | Patapsco Cook, |
| Lead Pipe, | Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, |
| Iron Pipe, | Beebe Range, |
| Terra Cotta Pipe, | European Range, |
| Brass Cocks, | Magee Range, |
| Plated Cocks, | Spence Range, |
| Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, | Emerald Range, |
| Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, | Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, |
| Water Closets, | Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, |
| Iron and China Basins, | Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. |
| Hydrants, | All the different styles of Grates, |
| Pumps, | High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c., |
| Rams, Fountains, | |
| Water Wheels, | |
| Garden Vases, | |
| Water-Coolers, | |
| Refrigerators, &c. | |

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE

PIANOS,

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7. W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Piano now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.

May 22-243-3m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR

OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.

April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
President.

Charlotte, May 30-250-4m

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentis

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-228-eodly

## WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

**Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,**

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
30 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-168-tf

NEWS PAPER FOR SALE!

A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, SITUATED in one of the very wealthiest sections of Eastern North Carolina, at the terminus of four Railroads, and having a fine advertising patronage and good subscription list, is offered for sale on reasonable terms,—the proprietors wishing to engage in other business.

For further particulars, apply at THIS OFFICE.

July 11-287-1m

## MISCELLANEOUS.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc., all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies, $7 50; five copies $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each with the first premiums to each subscriber.

Address

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together, $4, with the premiums for each.

mar-18-187-tf

## DRY GOODS.

IN LUCK AGAIN!

THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS

OF NEW GOODS!!

JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of Rich

*GRENADINES, MOZAMBIQUES, MOHAIRS, AND POPLINS,*

*ALSO,*

*SHEER ORGANDIES RICH JACONETTS, PERCALES, PEQUE,*

AND

50,000 yds. of the handsomest Prints you ever saw.

**These goods have been bought since the**

RECENT DECLINE IN PRICE,

So that we can give you handsomer goods for the price than we have been able to do since the

CLOSE OF THE WAR.

—ALSO,—

*A LARGE STOCK OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,*

*PLAID HOMESPUNS,*

GENT'S AND BOYS WEAR.

*DENIMS AND LINENS &c.*

And a beautiful stock of Ladies' and Misses' Trimmed and *Untrimmed HATS,* Rainbows, Almas, Patti, &c., &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

my 17-238-tf

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.

*ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES, &c., &c.*

Call and see us at the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

May 3-227-tf

JUST RECEIVED,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

Plaid Organdies,
Plain White Organdies,
White Jaconet,
Musquito Nets,
Skirt Braid, assorted.

We are offering our goods at *low figures.* Give us a call.

June 12-260-tf

## MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. LAWRENCES,

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

Blood and Liver Medicine,

*FOR SALE BY*

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

Recommended by distinguished Physicians, Chemists &c., &c.

June 26-271-tf

COTTON GINS.

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES TO CARRY on the manufacture of COTTON GINS, and would be pleased to furnish any one that may need any thing in his line.

The Gins are made of the best material that can be had, and the performance is warranted in every respect. No pay required, until the Gin is tested.

Repairing done to order. Having been engaged in the business for the last twenty-five years, I flatter myself that I understand it.

References given if required.

SAM'L ROWLAND.

Raleigh, July 15-290-1m

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address,

R. ANDERSON,
Albemarle.

June 11-3msw*

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A small DWELLING HOUSE, in the northwestern portion of the City, is offered for sale. For particulars, enquire at the office of NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY.

July 25-297-tf

FOR SALE

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT BELONGING to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained untill the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
Agent.

July 9-285-2awtd

WANTED.

Two Virginia Gentlemen wish to take charge of a large Male Academy in one of the Southern States.

They will teach such languages and such branches of the English language as are usually taught in first class schools.

Good references given as to character and qualifications.

Address, at Burnt Ordinary, James City Co., Va.,

GEO. A. PIGGOTT,
or
R. H. BUSH, M. D.

July 29-300-2awlm*